

## THE GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 2

## TO-DAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

Born: Dr. Borlase, 1699.  
Horace Greeley, 1811.  
Dist. Washington Hunt, 1867.  
James Stuart, 1788.  
D. Gregory, mathematician, 1841.  
Mrs. Mary Howitt, at Rome, 1888.

## CIVIL SERVICE AND THE SPOILS.

The first duty of the government is the proper transaction of government business. The power of appointment has been given to the president and the heads of departments not to reward personal or party friends, but to select competent persons to do the government business. Under the spoils system, the first duty of the government was to supply places for party workers. That they were mostly efficient in these places was accidental rather than premeditated.—*Milwaukee Sentinel.*

There is a good deal of misunderstanding on the question as to what is the spoils system. The mugwump papers, by their usual inconsistency, claim that should General Harrison make many changes after his inauguration, it will be evidence that he intends to adopt the policy of spoils. They won't take into account the fact that the civil service is in a very sickly condition. They won't listen to the statements that thousands of experienced clerks and other worthy officials were bound to make places for democrats under the Cleveland administration, and that in filling these places in a majority of cases inexperienced men were placed in positions of great responsibility.

Neither the mugwumps nor the democrats can distinguish between civil service reform and the spoils system. Civil service reform would bounce nine-tenths of the present democratic officeholders just as soon after the 4th of next March as the commissions of the new appointees could be made out and signed. Mugwumps and democrats would call this carrying out the spoils policy, whereas a man not blinded by partisanship would say that it was promoting the cause of reform in the civil service.

There never was a time under this government when every department of the government was managed with more efficiency than under the republican administration. This was because efficient men were employed to do the work of the government. The reason why the mail service is so shamefully bad is because experienced clerks have been removed and inexperienced ones have been put in their places. The duty of the incoming administration is to purify the various departments of the government by issuing walking papers to the men who cumber the civil service. This will require almost a clean sweep, but it will take almost a clean sweep to place the civil service in the splendid condition it was when the unfortunate event of Cleveland's election took place. Of course, the mugwumps and democrats will call this an adoption of the spoils principle; but any system that does not keep democrats in office regardless of their fitness, will be denounced by the mugwumps and democrats.

## IS IT A HADDOCK CASE?

The little village of Mt. Horeb, in Dane county, was the scene of a tragedy which very much resembles that of Sioux City when George C. Haddock was the victim. G. C. Mandt publishes the Sun newspaper of that village, and has taken a very radical position against the saloons. He has been publishing it about one year, devoting much of the space to a discussion of the saloon question. A few days ago Mr. Mandt received an anonymous letter couched in the most scurrilous terms and full of threats in case he should continue to attack the liquor men. In his next issue he replied to the letter, urging all good citizens to unite in suppressing the saloons and to clean out the stinkholes we have among us to foster sneaks, cowards, criminals and everything else.

On Thursday night when Mr. Mandt was preparing to retire, some one rapped on the door of his house, and when he asked who was there, no reply was made, not suspecting harm was awaiting him, he opened the door, and instantly a shot was fired, and Mr. Mandt fell backwards with a bullet in his right lung. It was done so quickly that he could not recognize the assassin. An examination of the wound gives hope that it will not prove fatal, although it is a serious one.

It is believed in view of the position Mr. Mandt has taken in regard to the saloons, and the character of the anonymous letter he received last week, that the attempted assassination is the cowardly work of the saloon men. The saloon-keepers, however, disclaim any knowledge as touching the assassin, and say that they carried no hostility toward Mr. Mandt. But public sentiment seems to be on the side of the theory that the murder was planned by the saloon men and their agents.

The show for the appointment of Governor Rusk to a cabinet position is daily growing brighter. The following Indianapolis dispatch to the New York Herald is in harmony with the dispatches on the same subject sent out from Washington, a few days ago: "Senator Sabine, of Minnesota, and ex-Mayor Fidler, of Philadelphia, are expected here to-day. Mr. Sabine, who has just been defeated for senator, is no doubt anxious to have some sort of cabinet lightening strike him. It is believed here, however, that the chances are against him, as it is generally conceded that ex-Governor Rusk's name has been more favorably considered than that of any other northwestern man. If there is any slip in the arrangement for Alger to be secretary of war, it is believed that Rusk will be the lucky man. General Harrison and ex-Governor Rusk are not only political allies but personal friends.

as well, and when Rusk visited the president-elect soon after the Columbus encampment, General Harrison appeared more pleased to see him, and entertained him more hospitably than almost any other of the numerous men of prominence who called upon him about that time.

Another republican in the south is threatened with assassination by the democratic politicians. His name is Frank W. Pope, and he lives at Jacksonville. He is engaged in collecting evidence for one G. G. Gribble, the defeated republican candidate for congress, who will contest for a seat in the house. He is doing for Gribble what Colonel Clayton of Arkansas was doing for himself, and the democrats are so much excited over the matter that they threaten Pope with assassination if he continues to interfere with the democratic methods of election. It must be said that some conservative democrats including Governor Fleming, promise Mr. Pope all the protection in their power, but even this spirit of justice in the governor cannot control the cowardly conduct of these who have murder in their heart. This condition of things in Florida, and the killing of Colonel Clayton in Arkansas, show pretty clearly the ruling spirit in the south. Atrocious political murders are the means employed by democratic workers to make their power supreme. And there does not seem to be any desire on the part of the democratic leaders in the south to wipe out the foul stain from the record they have made.

A curious chapter in the history of a democratic administration, as plainly stated by a democratic paper called the New York Sun:

A comparison of Mr. Cleveland's attitude toward foreign nations with his attitude toward his own party can now be made.

Toward his political supporters he has been stern, harsh, even overbearing and bullying. Toward foreign powers he has been mild, docile, timid, cheerfully turning the other cheek to the smiter.

If his foreign policy had been his domestic policy and his domestic policy his foreign policy both might have been more successful.

As it is, neither has been successful, and it is hard to say which has been less so. He has maintained a bold and aggressive front against his own party and a timorous front against foreign insolence. This is certainly a singular record for the chief democratic statesman of the time. It shows how utterly unfit for exalted positions are the men controlling this government. Verily have Mr. Cleveland and his advisors been standing on their heads.

The right kind of a proceeding against the "den" keepers has been concluded in the circuit court at Eau Claire. A man named Hamilton and his wife were arrested on the charge of keeping such a place and has been convicted. As the statute enables the judge to sentence Hamilton and his wife to state prison, he should give them the longest term at Waupun the law will allow. If the officers of the law will do their simple duty in regard to such criminals, the dens would soon disappear.

Mr. Blaine will not, as has been asserted, write a political history. It is more likely that he will assist in making a little political history.—*Portland Transcript.*

And Mr. Blaine makes history well worth reading, excepting, probably, the unfortunate period from March 4 to July 3, 1881. But Blaine has learned a good deal since then, and will no more smash things, for all republicans are stalwarts, and the half-breeds are a thing of the past.

The state department at Washington will defile its sackcloth and ashes on the fourth of next March, and will array itself in the habiliments of courage and patriotism.

## ABOUT PERSONS.

Twelve of the county superintendents of schools in Kansas are women.

"Buffalo Bill" is to head the Morton Cowboy Club of Denver at the inaugural parade.

Ex-Cadet Whitaker, the colored youth who made such a rumpus some years ago at West Point by having his ears slit, is now a South Carolina politician, and is looking to General Harrison for something.

J. Devlin, a train employe on the New York Central & Hudson river railroad, found a pocketbook containing \$30,000 last Sunday in the seat of a drawing room car. He returned the money to its owner, J. E. Loftus, a Bostonian, who was returning from the west. Mr. Loftus handed Devlin \$1,000.

Harriet Beecher Stowe has been an industrious writer, and she has lived extensively away, yet she has never earned more than \$2,500 any year of her life, and her yearly income from her books is now much less than \$2,000.

General Harrison is said to be putting in considerable time these nights in walking the floor with his grandson, whose mother is in New York with Mrs. Harrison. Still it is not likely that little Benny has caused his grandpa half so many sleepless hours as has the cabinet baby.

Referring to Private Secretary Halford's temperance lecturing, the St. Paul Pioneer Press remarks: "The incoming administration, including Lige, bids fair to open well, but what a withering rebuke it will become to the prohibitionists, General Harrison, whom they tried so hard to defeat, is the one who now heaps coals of fire on the heads of prohibitionists by allowing his private secretary to steal away from his task of standing off importunate seekers after political flesh-pots, and devoting a part of his time to reformatory measures for the amelioration of mankind."

Pearl Soap is the most elegant toilet adjunct.

## AMERICANS EXEMPTED.

BISMARCK CONCEDES A POINT IN SAMOA.

Martial Law Will Not Apply to Uncle Sam's Citizens There—The Pango-Pango Treaty.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—The President Friday transmitted to Congress a report from Secretary Bayard on Samoan affairs, including the following documents. The first is a telegram from Vice-Consul Blacklock, as follows:

"AUCKLAND, Jan. 31.—German Consul declares Germany at war, with Samoa under martial law."

Secretary Bayard's Protest.

Then follows the following paraphrase of telegraphic instructions sent to Minister Pendleton at Berlin on Jan. 31:

"Mr. Bayard instructs the minister of the United States at Berlin to inform the German government that advice from Asia states that the German consul had declared Germany to be at war with Matafa and Samoa to be under martial law. Mr. Bayard informs Minister Pendleton that the German minister at this capital, under instructions from Prince Bismarck, had already acquainted the government of the declaration of war by Germany against Samoa, and had accompanied the notification with the statement that Germany would of course abide by the agreement with America and England touching Samoa and preserve under all circumstances the rights of Samoa established by treaty. But in view of the advice from Asia Mr. Bayard instructs Mr. Pendleton to say that this government assumed that the German consul in Samoa would be instructed carefully to refrain from interference with American citizens and property there, hence no declaration of martial law could include control of Americans in Samoa. Such a pretension could not be recognized or conceded by this government."

On the same date Mr. Bayard wrote to Count Arco Valley informing him of Mr. Blacklock's dispatch, and also of the contents of the above instructions to Minister Pendleton.

German Orders Modified.

Under Friday's date Count Arco Valley, under instructions from the prince chancellor, sent the following note to Secretary Bayard:

"As a state of war was declared against Matafa, the commander of the German squadron issued a proclamation by which foreigners established in Samoa were subjected to martial law. International law would to a certain extent not prevent such a measure, but as Prince Bismarck is a conservative, he has not proceeded to go too far in this instance. The military commander has received telegraphic orders to withdraw the part of the proclamation concerning foreigners. In negotiating with Matafa our consul at Samoa has asked that the administration of the islands of Samoa might be temporarily handed over to him, which demand, not being in conformity to our previous promise regarding the neutrality and independence of Samoa, Mr. Knappe has been ordered by telegram to withdraw immediately his command."

The Senate, on motion of Mr. Saulsbury, adopted a resolution instructing the committee on foreign relations to inquire into the condition of affairs in the Samoan islands, and to report at an early date what measures are necessary and proper to protect the interests of American citizens therein, and to discharge and obligations of the United States to the people of those islands in the maintenance of their own local government from the interference of any foreign power, and to secure the just rights and interests of the United States in the future control of the government of those islands.

Mr. Thomas' Resolution.

Members of the House express much indignation at the action of Germany in Samoa. The members of the naval committee resent the assumption of the right to search American vessels, and recall the fact of just such an assumption by Great Britain, and that our own Government was forced to retreat from just such a position when one of our naval vessels stopped a British vessel in 1883 and took off the confederate commissioners. Mr. Thomas (Ill.) of the committee has prepared and will present at an early date the following resolution:

"Resolved, By the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States, in Congress assembled, that the President is hereby authorized and directed to take such steps, forcibly if deemed expedient, as are necessary and proper to protect and maintain the honor, dignity, and interests of the flag and government of the United States and its citizens wherever dispersed, against the acts of the Emperor of Germany and his forces."

The Pango-Pango Concessions.

Mr. Sherman presented in the Senate a copy of the deed and transfer of the harbor of Pango-Pango to the United States, and it was referred to the foreign relations committee. It was made out on board the United States ship Adams, and reads as follows:

"To whom it may concern: Be it known that we, the undersigned, being duly authorized and empowered by the Taimua and Faipule of the Samoan government, do hereby, on this 5th day of August, 1878, transfer to the government of the United States the privilege of using the port of Pango-Pango and the shore there, in accordance with the provisions of a treaty of friendship and commerce concluded at Washington, in the United States of America, between the United States and Samoa on the 17th day of January, 1878."

"TAIMUA MA FAIPULE."

"LALEA."

"TUTU LOLO."

"Witness, GUSTAVUS GOWARD."

A letter from Mr. Goward to Assistant Secretary Rives, dated Jan. 31, 1889, says that the four persons signed this instrument were appointed as commissioners on behalf of the Samoan authorities in view of the fact that they were individual owners of property along the shore of the harbor of Pango-Pango. Continuing the letter says:

"In my opinion this instrument might be regarded as transferring to the United States title to the land. At the time I was not authorized or prepared to accept an absolute title in fee simple, not knowing how far the United States government desired to proceed in the matter. For that reason the phraseology employed was that used in the treaty, leaving thereby the interpretation of the same to the department. 'Good island was selected as the place for raising the flag commemorating this event; in consideration of the fact that it commanded a view of the whole harbor, with the intention of not confining the States Government in its selection of any particular part of the shore for use as a coaling station during the period covered by the language of this treaty—viz., ten years or more."

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MONEY TO

by D. Conger.

## A DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

Buffalo Experiences a Terrible Conflagration—Loss, \$1,000,000.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 2.—Shortly after 3 o'clock this morning fire broke out in the Jewett block, which runs through from Seneca street to Carroll. The structure, six stories high, was located almost in the heart of the city, and was occupied by Root & Keating, extensive dealers in leather. Before an alarm had been given the flames had secured a lasting hold on the handsome building, the fire being fed by the inflammable material contained in the building. The department was at work promptly, but the men labored at great disadvantage owing to the intense, unbearable heat. Crowds packed the streets in the neighborhood, but were unable to get near the blazing structure owing to the terrible heat. One look and ladder company had been at work for a few minutes pouring water in at one of the windows, but the stifling clouds of smoke which came out of the window forced them to retreat. By that time it was clear that the entire block was doomed, and the firemen turned their attention to adjoining property. The entire city was illuminated by the blaze, and people poured into the adjoining streets from all quarters. The Empire Coffee mills caught fire, and as the two burning buildings were directly opposite the Arlington and Brozel's hotels the guests in these hostelrys before themselves to safer quarters. Jewett's new store and Sydney Holmes' candy factory next ignited and shortly after the barn caught fire. By that time the fire had become a conflagration, and the flames, all the guests and employees having, however, escaped in safety. So far as known no lives have been lost. The flames burst from the front of Sibley & Holmwood a great confectionery works on Seneca street. A few minutes later the lower floor of Swift & Slanback's stove store, three doors above Sibley's, burst into flames and the entire building, the entire lower half of the two blocks bounded by Wells, Exchange, Seneca, and Elliott streets, seemed doomed. The fire was utterly beyond control of the department and the telegraph wires were giving them great annoyance.

While the blaze was still burning fiercely the wind, which had been previously light, suddenly turned into a gale, and the blaze, in consequence, became all the more uncontrollable. At this hour several large warehouses adjacent are now endangered. There are some explosives in the lower part of Jewett's store, and should the flames reach them it is feared some lives will be lost. The firemen are working like heroes, but are hampered by large crowds that are blocking the streets and can not be kept back by the police. Shortly after 4 o'clock Fire Chief Horning had his hand nearly cut off at the wrist by a heavy sheet of flame being blown by the wind from Jewett's great "fire proof" building, six stories high, now burning fiercely, and as the cellar of the building was filled with naphtha, the flames being by this time gutted. The Arlington hotel, which lacked the Brozel house, was then gutted, and the flames were communicating to the wholesale confectionery store of Robinson & Dick, opposite Sibley & Holmwood's, and also to the wholesale grocery of C. P. Churchill's Sons. The whole city fire department was at work, but owing to the blinding smoke and wind storm which was raging, their efforts were futile. At 4:10 the walls of Sibley & Holmwood's store fell, and Glouber's hat factory caught fire, the Brozel house being by this time gutted. The walls of the Root & Keating leather manufactory were partly down and the rest were momentarily expected to come down. Moffatt Bros' establishment on Carroll street was also in flames. The hook and ladder truck No. 1 had been entirely consumed. At 4:12 Levi & Marcus' clothing store was burning. The chief engineer being disabled, the famous "Bob" Carlton, ex-chief, took command. At this hour (4:30 a. m.) it is thought the fire is under control. It is impossible as yet to give a close estimate of the losses, but there is little doubt it will be over \$1,000,000.

## CONGRESSIONAL.

The House Passes the Oklahoma Bill—A New Cabinet Officer.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—The House agreed to the conference report on the bill making the head of the department of agriculture a cabinet officer, and then took up the Oklahoma bill.

The House by a vote of 148 to 103 passed the bill creating the Territory of Oklahoma.

The conference report on the Nicaragua bill was presented in the House.

The Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—In the Senate a message from the President vetoing a bill granting a pension to Mrs. Ellen Hand was presented, read, and on motion of Mr. Platt laid on the table. The ground of disapproval is that "the soldiers' death was in no way related to any incident of military service." Mrs. Platt said she might have some remarks to submit on the subject.

The House amendments to the Senate bill for the admission of South Dakota as a State were non-concurred in upon report of the committee on territories and the conference asked, Senators Platt, Culom and Butler were appointed conferees on the part of the Senate.

The Senate then went into executive session on the British extradition treaty, which, after three hours' debate was rejected by a vote of 38 to 15.

CHICAGO TO CALIFORNIA WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS.

The Santa Fe Route is now running a Pullman Vestibule Sleeping Car from Chicago to San Diego, via Los Angeles, without change. The train leaves Des Moines, Iowa, every night at 11 o'clock. This is a great attraction and an unequalled accommodation for passengers. Office, 212 Clark street, corner Adams.

## ODDS AND ENDS.

Time, 3 a. m. Mrs. Smith is attired in deepest black. Mr. Smith (entering)—What do I see? In mourning? For whom? For which—for who? Mrs. Smith—I am mourning for the late Mr. Smith.

The telegraph informs us that the recent football game at Annapolis ended in a fight. But what puzzles us is, how did the spectators know when the game ended and the fight commenced?

He—Good evening, Miss Fannie, I've been waiting some time. Where have you been?

She—Up-stairs reading "Behind Closed Doors."

He (blushing)—Ah! Amelia Rives?

"Ah!" so the Spanish Ministers have resigned," said Mrs. Homespun, looking up from her paper. "Ministers are always preaching about the duty of resignation, and it's gratifying to know that some of them, at least, have finally followed their own counsel."

The Newark artificial egg factory has relinquished business, and a fowl conspiracy may be expected amongst the knights of labor of the barn-yard to keep up the price of their products. Hence, it should be borne in mind, never lay freely except when the price of eggs is way down. As prices advance they follow the example of the coal barons and restrict their output.

"I want some 'SOZODONT,'" said he, "just out." The cunning drug dealer said, "But here's some powder known to be 'as good.'" The patron nodded and said, "faking." "Do you suppose I don't know nothing equals SOZODONT?"

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\$2.50 TO \$35 00 EACH

ARE YOU IN NEED!

OF

CLOTHING!

If so, do not delay, but come to us at once,

WE WILL SAVE YOU 25 PER CENT.

And clothe you better than any other dealer can. As we wish to increase our stock of DRY GOODS, we must have more room therefor.

We Shall Clean Out our Entire Stock

Of fresh and new styles of Clothing and Gent's Furnishing Goods. We have Boys' Suits which we will sell you

AT COST PRICE.

They are all New Goods and must be sold we reserve nothing in the clothing department, and must have everything sold by March 1st, and in order to do this Clothing will go regardless of cost; and to help the boom along we have made

:: SWEEPING REDUCTIONS ::

in prices of all

Winter Dry Goods, Cloaks, Flannels,

Yarns, Dress Goods, Table Linens, etc We have also inaugurated a

SPECIAL SALE!

EMBROIDERES,

At lower prices than ever before quoted in Rock County. Buyers can expect great Bargains for the next thirty days, as every one knows, we always do as we advertise. Come at once and select your Bargains

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25  
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Select - Line - of - Hats  
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In Southern Wisconsin. Call and let us prove it.  
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CUSTOM DEPARTMENT  
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We must have room for our Spring Stock. Pants marked from \$7 to \$8, and everything else in proportion.  
HEAVY OVERCOATS Marked Down  
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Take advantage of it because it will end the 15th of February.  
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Notary Public, Conveyancing, etc. Notes and Mortgages Negotiated, General Collecting Agency, Agents houses, pays taxes, etc. One hour call. Telephone office, Smith's block. Money to loan at 6 per cent.  
Any person having business in my line can save money by calling on me before transacting any business with any Ins. Co. or real estate Agent in St. Louis, Mo.  
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C.  
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GET "THE WORTH OF THEIR MONEY."

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NEW GOODS

We place on sale Monday 100 pieces of the best quality

Genuine FRENCH Sateens,

we have every color and shade in both plain and fancies. It is a fact that every lady knows that the choicest of these goods are only to be had early in the season. Buy now when you can get the finest selections.

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Exquisite spring colorings in 48-in. Camel's Hair dress goods at \$1 00.

We offer a case of double fold, all-wool Tricots and Flannels at 25 cents a yard.

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Rooms, Opposite Postoffice.  
Pupils for piano received at any time and classified according to grade of advancement. Instruction according to best European methods. Children's Musical Society will hereafter meet at music rooms on Saturdays at 10 o'clock a. m.

**NOLAN & CUNNINGHAM.**  
**Attorneys and Counselors.**  
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JANESVILLE, Wis.  
J. G. SAXE.

**Real Estate, Insurance**  
**AND LOAN AGENCY**  
J. G. SAXE.  
Le prepared to buy and sell Farms, Western lands, Houses and Lots and Business Blocks, and will give you better bargains than any other agency in the city.  
Money loaned at 6 per cent. & can be repaid on time.  
Office in South's Block, Janesville, Wis.  
april

**GEO. K. COLLING,**  
**Builder and Contractor.**  
I would respectfully inform my friends that I have resumed business at my old stand, and shall be pleased to do anything in my line, which they may wish to have done.  
C. K. COLLING.  
109 North Main Street.

**ARCHITECTS.**  
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Plans and Superintendence Office  
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april

**EDWIN F. CARPENTER,**  
**Attorney at Law,**  
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JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN

**Chickering Hall,**  
(Room 2) 4th Avenue, N. Y.  
"Having witnessed the excellent results of Mr. EDWIN F. CARPENTER'S instruction on the piano, I heartily recommend him as an instructor of superior ability, and a gentleman whose excellent qualities should commend him to everyone."  
FRANKLIN SONNEBAK.  
Former pupil of Joseph, and pianist of Camille Orm Concert Company.

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Does a general real estate and loan business. Makes all possible loans. Always has on hand BARGAINS IN HOUSES, LOTS, FARMS and BUSINESS BLOCKS, for sale and exchange. OFFICE over Post Office.  
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**Life Insurance Company,**  
OF NEW YORK.  
Cash Assets - \$5,680,888.78  
Liabilities - 4,279,241.14  
Policy Holders Surplus - \$1,561,554.62  
The Home offers you Life Insurance cheaper than any other company, and is one of the largest Life Insurance companies in America.  
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For Southern Wisconsin, No. 8 Jackson's block.  
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"HASTE MAKES WASTE."

"What!!! Have you finished your washing? I had much less than you and you are through first. What soap do you use?"  
"It isn't the soap. Use washing powder and you will get through in half the time; it does the work for you."  
"I know it will, but the clothes won't last half so long; we've tried it. We use Ivory Soap altogether; it cleans more easily and quickly than any other kind, and I find the clothes last as long again. My folks won't let me use washing powder."  
"Of course they won't, neither will mine, but I use it anyhow. I don't care to save their clothes at the expense of my time and back."

Reader, which do you value most, your laundresses time and back, or your clothes? If the former, then let her use washing powder.

MESSRS. PROCTER & GAMBLE, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

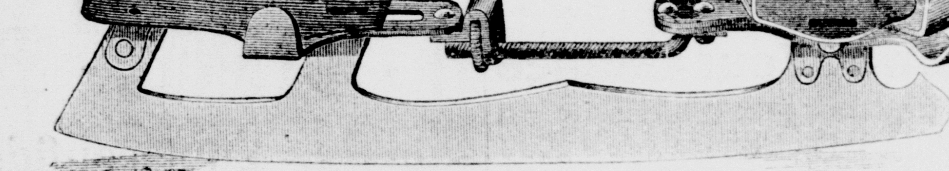
Dear Sirs:—The sample of Ivory Soap received from you is an excellent Laundry Soap, of great purity and more than average cleansing power.

Very respectfully yours,  
H. B. CORNWALL, PROFESSOR OF CHEMISTRY.

A WORD OF WARNING.  
There are many white soaps, each represented to be "just as good as the Ivory," they ARE NOT, but like all counterfeits, lack the peculiar and remarkable qualities of the genuine. Ask for "Ivory" Soap and insist upon getting it.

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**SKATES. SKATES. SKATES.**  
We have just received a large invoice of the celebrated



**"CZAR" ADJUSTABLE SKATES.**



This is without doubt the finest Skate ever offered for sale in this city. Call at once, before they are gone, at

**HANCHETT & SHELDONS**

**RHEUMATISM AND NEURALGIA**  
These twin diseases cause untold suffering. Doctors admit that they are difficult to cure—so do their patients. Paine's Celery Compound has permanently cured the worst cases of rheumatism and neuralgia—so say those who have used it.

"Having been troubled with rheumatism at the knee and foot for five years, I was almost unable to get around, and was overjoyed to find that I was cured by Paine's Celery Compound. I used only one bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, and was perfectly cured. I can now jump around, and feel as lively as a boy." FRANK CANON, Eureka, Nevada.

\$1.00. Six for \$5.00. Druggists. Mammoth testimonial paper free. WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Props. Burlington, Vt.

**DIAMOND DYES** Give Fuster and Brighter Colors than any other Dyes.

**BABIES** Liniment Labeled Red are Healthy, Happy, Healthy. It is Unquestioned.

**INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE**  
At the Insurance and Real Estate office next door to the Rock County National Bank first floor, is represented the old, strong

**Leading Insurance Companies!**  
OF AMERICA AND EUROPE.  
They can truthfully be said to be

**TIME - TRIED - AND - FIRE - TESTED,**  
ALSO THE

**Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Co.**  
The best institution of the kind in the world, and the old Travelers Accident Insurance Co., THE LARGEST IN THE WORLD. For the past, favors and satisfaction, a continuance of the same, I am, Very Respectfully,

**SILAS HAYNER, Agent.**

**THE**  
**OLDEST INSURANCE HEADQUARTERS**  
In the city  
Opposite Rock Co. National Bank.

**NONE BUT THE**  
**BEST - OLD - LINE - COMPANIES - REPRESENTED**  
**MARK RIPLEY, Agent.**

**THE GAZETTE.**

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 2

**A DAY WITH THE SOLONS.**

REFERENCE OF THE CHICAGO DRAINAGE BILL.

Indiana Refuses to Require Temperance Test-Roads to be Opened to Wisconsin.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 2.—In the House Friday morning several more petitions were introduced praying that the usual premium appropriations for county fair associations be made in the usual manner, and that the bill be passed in premiums instead of a uniform amount to each fair.

The committee on contingent expenses reported back unfavorably a half-dozen resolutions providing for additional employees.

Mr. Meyer presented in the House the report of the Chicago drainage commission, together with the bill prepared by the commission for the solution of the Chicago drainage problem. The commission consists of Mayor John A. Roche of Chicago, A. J. Bell, B. A. Eckhart, J. H. Riley, Thomas C. McMillan and the bill has their unanimous recommendation. In their report the commission states the succinct points of the bill as follows:

The bill provides that sanitary districts may be created wherever two or more cities, towns or villages in any one county are so situated as to drain into one common channel; that where any district shall construct a channel which shall cause the waters of Lake Michigan to pass into the Desplaines or Illinois rivers, and where a portion of each channel shall be cut through a rocky stratum, such rocky portion shall be 100 feet wide at the bottom and at the top, and shall be of sufficient depth to produce a continuous flow of 600,000 cubic feet of water per minute, and at a depth of not less than eight feet; that through that portion of the channel which extends through alluvial or clay strata, it (the channel) shall be not less than fourteen feet in depth and shall produce a flow of not less than 300,000 cubic feet of water per minute; that whenever the government of the United States shall improve the Desplaines and Illinois rivers sufficiently to receive 600,000 cubic feet of water per minute, and pay all damages to private property caused by an extra flow of water per minute, then such district shall enlarge the entire channel to the same dimensions as the channel in the rocky stratum, and shall cause the same to produce a flow of 600,000 cubic feet of water per minute, and at a depth of water at all points of not less than eight feet.

If the United States government does not so improve said rivers, then said district when it shall contain a population of 1,500,000 inhabitants shall enlarge said channel to such capacity as to produce a flow all times of not less than 20,000 cubic feet of water for each 100,000 population of such district. The entire expense of constructing such channel shall be defrayed by the district; the district shall pay all damages to private property caused by the construction of such channel, or the flow of water from such channel, excepting where it is provided that the United States government shall pay the same; suits against any district for damages may be brought in the county where such damage is sustained, or in the county where such district is situated; the option of the party claiming to be damaged.

Mr. Meyer insisted that it only went to these committees for joint consideration; that it was not referred to each committee separately.

Messrs. Whitehead and Brooks favored Mr. Meyer's motion, but Mr. Browne stubbornly resisted. He moved that the bill be referred to the committee on drainage. He meant no disrespect to the committee on municipal corporations by this motion, but he wished to remind the House that the twenty-one members of the committee on municipal corporations the first fourteen were from the county of Cook. There were 102 counties in Illinois; Cook was one of these counties and yet on this committee she had fourteen members, while the other 101 counties of the State only had seven members. The majority of the committee was already prepared to report favorably on the bill. It should be referred to the committee on drainage, because it provided for a drainage district and not for a municipal corporation.

A half-dozen motions were made on the question of reference. Mr. Miller moved to move a substitute on them all that the bill be referred to committee of the whole of the House, to be taken up for consideration as soon as printed. This was done by a viva voce vote. Thus the House will doubtless be discussing the drainage question within a week. It will be immediately printed, and at any time thereafter it will be in order for any member to move that the House resolve itself into committee of the whole for the consideration of the bill.

Bills of the following character were introduced: By Mr. Brooks, amending the general law relating to the sale of real property, providing that when any tract, piece or parcel of real property shall be incumbered with a mortgage, trust deed, or other lien, the owner shall be entitled when listing the same for taxation to a reduction in the list valuation proportionate to the amount of the lien thereon; by Mr. Buchanan, appropriating \$150,000 for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the Illinois national guard, and \$25,000 for the purchase and improvement of a camp and rifle range to be located in the northern part of the State by a board of three commissioners; by Mr. W. W. Keene, providing that the State shall be authorized to make appropriations for the military code. It provides that the maximum number of men shall be 4,000; that enlistments shall be for three instead of five years; the pay of privates is increased from \$1 to \$2 for each day of actual service, and the pay of officers is increased accordingly. Brigades or regimental encampments shall be held not less than six nor more than eight days each year. Medical officers must be graduates of some standard medical college, and be authorized to practice by the State Board of Health.

Adjourning to 10 o'clock Saturday.

**The Senate.**  
In the Senate Senator Crawford's bill for the amendment of villages or towns or partitioned to incorporated cities and Senator Fuller's savings bank bill were reported from the committee and recommended for passage.

Senator MacMillan presented the report of the Chicago drainage commission, together with the drainage bill recommended by the commission. The bill was read a first time, ordered printed, and referred to the committee on waterways and drainage.

The following bills were introduced: By Mr. Fuller, making appropriation for the State normal school; by Mr. McMillan, making appropriations for institutions for the insane and blind at Jacksonville; by Mr. Hadley, to permit the formation of county wind storm insurance companies; also a bill to suppress selling, lending, giving away, or showing to any minor child any paper or publication principally devoted to illustrating or describing immoral deeds; by Mr. Bacon, to require the payment of wages in lawful money. This is the first bill introduced in the House by Mr. Moore; by Mr. Shutt, to enable cities to tax or impose a license on wheeled vehicles.

On motion the Senate adjourned till 5 o'clock Monday afternoon.

**LAWS FOR INDIANA.**  
The House Petitions Congress for a Better Extradition Treaty.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Feb. 2.—The sessions of the House Friday were occupied in hearing committee reports and considering bills on second reading. The Peyton Johnson contested-election case was made a special order for Monday. The bill of Mr. Loop requiring that the effects of alcoholic stim-

ulants on the human system shall be taught in the public schools was indefinitely postponed by a strict party vote. At the afternoon session Mr. Zoercher introduced a resolution requesting Congress to secure a better extradition treaty with England, enabling the United States to bring back for trial the emigrants who escape punishment by going to Canada. The resolution was passed. Mr. Schmuck introduced a bill to amend the penal code authorizing commissioners to require a bond in any amount they may deem proper from county clerks and empowering the commissioners to declare such office vacant in case of failure to increase the bond on due notice. The rules were suspended and the bill passed the House and was immediately sent to the Senate, where Senator Barrett asked its passage under a suspension of the rules, but Senator Thompson objected to such hasty legislation and the bill was referred to the committee on counties and townships. The Senate discussed the "night-school" bill, the principal objection being the clause providing that any twenty persons might petition the trustees for such schools. An amendment was proposed by Senator Johnson specifying what class of persons should be allowed to attend the schools, but it was rejected by a vote of 16 to 15, after which the bill was amended and engrossed.

**WISCONSIN MEASURES.**  
A Day's Work in the Legislature at Madison.

MADISON, Wis., Feb. 2.—A bill was presented to make it the duty of the State treasury to give to each county its share of money received from the sale of swamp and overflowed lands. The law relating to rape is sought to be amended by reducing the penalty for life imprisonment to 20 years and for the retention of a justice of the peace at the age of 70 years and for the payment of three-fifths of the salary of each year after retirement. The statutes are sought to be amended so as to permit only lawyers to practice before a justice court. A bill was offered providing that counties having a population of less than 10,000 should elect a county board, composed of three commissioners—one at large and two from districts; that in counties of from 10,000 to 25,000 population the county board shall consist of five commissioners—two at large and three from districts; and that in counties of over 25,000 population there shall be six commissioners—two at large and four from districts; that such commissioners shall be elected in such a manner as to always leave one hold-over member. The law takes effect in 1890.

A decidedly interesting political scheme has developed here, which if carried out will result in the election of E. W. W. Keyes. It is proposed to make the Colonel municipal judge in place of A. B. Bralley, deceased. The place is worth \$5,000 a year. The Governor can appoint Col. Keyes, who would then serve until a special election could be held. This would take the Colonel's name off the list of candidates for university regent.

**INDIANS UNEASY.**  
Cherokees Alarmed at Indications of Their Territory Being Opened.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Feb. 2.—Late reports from the Indian Territory say the Cherokees are looking with alarm at the various meetings held along the border with the intention of devising means of opening the Territory to settlement.

The Fort Smith convention especially puts the Indians to thinking, and some say if civil jurisdiction and railroads are what is wanted, why don't they say so and let the whole country know it? The pretense that the Indian Territory is a wall blocking commerce. Then the Cherokees would meet them half way on their feet. On the other hand, many of the intelligent Indians express no apprehension, relying, as they say they do, on the United States courts to recognize their patent to lands and to have some regard for treaty.

**Railroading in Mexico.**  
LARGO, Texas, Feb. 2.—John F. O'Brien, general manager of the Mexican National railroad, stated yesterday that traffic is increasing so rapidly that his road is obliged to order additional locomotives and 500 additional freight cars.

Construction work is being pushed vigorously on the general machine shop of the National at this point.

**Canadian Railways Fighting.**  
WINNIPEG, Manitoba, Feb. 2.—The Canadian Pacific railroad has again applied to the courts for an injunction to restrain the Northern Pacific & Manitoba railroad from continuing the construction on the ground that the act under which it obtained its charter is unconstitutional. The whole matter will be fought over again in the courts.

**A "Times" Witness in Trouble.**  
LONDON, Feb. 2.—Patrick Molloy, one of the witnesses who testified for the Times before the Parnell commission, has been arrested at Liverpool on charges of perjury. Molloy was brought to London and arraigned in the Bow Street police court, where he was remanded.

**The Strike in Brooklyn.**  
BROOKLYN, N. Y., Feb. 2.—Four cars were run on the Fifth avenue line this morning. They were filled with policemen and 600 police were distributed along the line. No serious trouble was experienced, and arrangements have been made to keep cars running until 5 o'clock.

**Hog Cholera at Janesville.**  
JANESVILLE, Wis., Feb. 2.—Reports of hog cholera come from the townships north of this city. On one farm out of a herd of 137 all but eighteen have died. Many other herds have been killed, and disease is believed to have come from Chicago.

**Big Strike in Auburn, N. Y.**  
AUBURN, N. Y., Feb. 2.—Seventy masons in D. M. Osborne's harvesting works have already struck and as many more will go out to-day when they finish up the work on hand. The strike will affect about 1,500 men.

**Beecham's Pills not like magic on a weak stomach.**  
ST. PAUL, Minn., Feb. 2.—This morning an unknown man was found lying under the Motor bridge on the ice, with an ugly gash in his forehead. The man was nearly frozen, both feet and hands being like cakes of ice. A knife was found by his side. It is not known whether it is a murder or an attempted suicide. He was taken to the city hospital. The authorities are engaged in trying to unravel the mystery.

**A Possible Change of Premiers.**  
DUBLIN, Feb. 2.—The Freeman's Journal states that Lord Salisbury is negotiating with Lord Hartington with a view to the latter becoming Prime Minister. Should Lord Hartington accept the position, Lord Salisbury will retain the office of Minister of Foreign Affairs. The Journal also says that Lord John W. H. Smith, government leader in the House of Commons, will be elevated to the peerage.

**London's Navy in Bad Condition.**  
LONDON, Feb. 2.—The special parliamentary committee appointed to inquire into the late naval maneuvers report that the ships, with few exceptions, are unsuitable for modern warfare, and the existing fleet would be unable to hold the seas against an enemy.

**Failed for \$250,000.**  
TORONTO, Ont., Feb. 2.—J. W. Gail & Co., wholesale dry goods dealers, have assigned. The liabilities are \$250,000, and the assets barely half that amount.

**A Narrow Escape.**  
Col. W. K. Nelson, of Brooklyn, came home one evening, feeling a peculiar tightness in the chest. Before retiring, he took a long walk, but he found it almost impossible. He suffered four days from pneumonia, and the doctors gave him up. Dr. Acker's English Remedy for Consumption saved him and is well to-day. Prentice & Evenson druggists.

**"I want some 'SOZODONT'."**  
"But here's some powder I bought last night. As good." The patient turned and fled, asking, "Do you know what 'SOZODONT' is?" Know nothing equals "SOZODONT."

**A SECOND HADDOCK CASE.**

A WISCONSIN EDITOR ASSASSINATED.

Called from His House at Night He Is Shot on His Threshold. The Criminal Record.

MADISON, Wis., Feb. 2.—G. G. Mandt, the young and fearless editor of the Mount Horeb Sun, was shot down in his own doorway at midnight Thursday night by an unknown assassin. The circumstances surrounding the murder are being investigated by the local authorities. The victim was a well-known figure in the community, and his death has caused a great deal of excitement. There has been intense excitement since the shooting and should the guilty party be captured the villagers are in a mood to mete out summary vengeance.

Editor Mandt had been at work very late Thursday night and he was preparing to retire when he heard a rapping at the front door. Hearing out the light he opened the door and said: "Who is it?" The only reply was the report of a pistol. The editor fell to the floor with a bullet in his breast. His wife, who was in bed, arose, and, rushing out, fell over the body of her husband. She soon gave the alarm, the neighbors hurriedly gathered with lanterns, and found Mandt lying on the threshold. A physician was summoned, and found that the ball had entered the right breast and was imbedded in the lung. The doctor nursed him all through the night and by daylight the patient was able to say that he knew of no enemy whom he could suspect.

Shortly after the news of the attempted assassination became known men in the village started in pursuit of the assassin. The night was dark, and after a diligent search they returned without having gained a single clue. Dr. Evans gave as his opinion that the wound was not necessarily fatal and medical aid was summoned from Madison and the hospital of Dane county was also notified of the shooting. The doctors arrived late in the afternoon and at once examined the wound. They gave slight hope of his recovery.

Sheriff Vernon, who arrived with the Madison physicians, at once went to work on the case, but gained no information which would warrant the arrest of any one. Mr. Mandt has been publishing the Mount Horeb Sun for about a year. From the outset he made a bitter fight against the liquor element. There are two saloons in the village, and the farmers about Mount Horeb have returned them very freely. Editor Mandt has advocated the regulation of these saloons, and in many ways made himself obnoxious to the saloon-keepers. Several days ago he received an anonymous letter abusing him in scurrilous terms, and threatening him in case he should continue to attack the liquor men. In his last issue Mandt replied to this letter in fearless tones and urged all good citizens to unite in suppressing the saloons and "clean out the stinkholes among us which foster sneaks, cowards, and criminals."

He continued to write and close by saying that the threats of cowardly assassins would not deter him from doing his duty. In this week's issue he was to have continued his crusade against the liquor element when a fatal shot was fired. But it did not keep the paper from appearing on time. Mr. Mandt has helped her husband get out his little paper and she resolved that it should come out on time. With tears streaming down her cheeks she stood at the case and set up an account of the shooting of her husband, and the Mount Horeb Sun shone as usual on Saturday.

There is great excitement among the inhabitants of Mount Horeb, and a night of indignation meeting was held. It was resolved to hunt the criminal or criminals down at all hazards and bring the guilty ones to justice. A man suspected now and he is being closely watched, but his name will not be made public until more proof is secured. The saloon men are nervous, but deny that they know anything about the affair. They claim that they have no enemy toward the wounded editor, and say that what he published did not worry them at all. They are objects of suspicion to the majority of the villagers, however, and feel their delicate position. The wounded editor is still alive.

**SKIPPED WITH THE CASE.**  
County Clerk Sullivan and His Book-keeper Leave Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Feb. 2.—John E. Sullivan, clerk of the county, disappeared Friday, and there is every reason to believe that he has gone to Canada to escape criminal prosecution.

Three days ago he made an assignment, with liabilities of \$75,000 and assets half that much, turning over his office to his deputy, and Lordstown, W. K. Sprague. Sullivan operated immense poultry and produce establishments, and had claimed to secure certain creditors by warehouse receipts for goods. Last evening it became known that many of these receipts were fraudulently issued, and that the stuff they represented did not exist. This undoubtedly caused Sullivan's flight. The amount of the fraudulent receipts is not definitely known, but must be many thousands of dollars. County Treasurer Loftin, to whom Sullivan owed \$21,000, told him that Tom Neil, Sullivan's bookkeeper, who drew the receipts, also on the main list, and is supposed to have joined his principal. Sullivan took every dollar of cash in his office.

**IT WAS SUICIDE.**  
Official Announcement of the Cause of Prince Rudolph's Death.

VIENNA, Feb. 2.—Conflicting rumors regarding the cause of the Crown Prince Rudolph's death at sea yesterday by an official statement in the Wiener Zeitung that the Prince committed suicide with a revolver. Physicians appointed to inquire into the cause of the prince's death found a large wound in his head which had caused instant death.

**Karl Ludwig Is His Apparent.**  
LONDON, Feb. 2.—There is no basis for the theories that the successor to the throne will fall to any other than Archduke Karl Ludwig, eldest brother of the Emperor. The law which obtains in Austria declares the daughter of the late Crown Prince, and Karl Ludwig becomes uncontestedly his apparent. The Emperor could not change the succession if he so desired.

**Alaska's Severe Winter.**  
PORT TOWNSEND, W. T., Feb. 2.—Advice from Alaska say the winter there has been so far a very discouraging one to the people of that Territory, owing to the severe frost. The heaviest snow storm since 1875 occurred this winter, and owing to the depth of the snow trunks and hunters have suffered great hardships and much delay in preparing for the coming hunting trips.

**Merit wins.**  
We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Life Pills, Buckler's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell so well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. F. Steurer & Co., druggists.

**Experience has demonstrated that Ely's Cream Balm is the best external remedy in use. My daughter, who is a sufferer from that miserable disease, is much better by the use of one bottle.—Dr. R. A. Scholten, Druggist, 758 S. Division St., Grand Rapids, Mich.**

For twenty years I have suffered from catarrh. I purchased Ely's Cream Balm of J. Dawson & Son, which has so effectively cured







BRIEFLETS.

—The tin type gallery has gone.

—Regular meeting of the common council on Monday evening.

—Charles E. Green's trial will begin Tuesday. A jury was drawn to-day.

—Prof. Williams will organize an adult dancing class this evening at Apollo hall.

—Concordia masquerade on Tuesday evening. The public is cordially invited.

—Members of the Ciceronian Club will make merry this evening at Odd Fellows hall.

—The Terpsichorean Club will hold their next party at Cannon's hall Wednesday evening.

—Mrs. W. C. Watson, of Rome, New York, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. G. G. Chittenden.

J. A. Danaher is now adding interest to the fruit market by selling oranges at fifteen cents a dozen.

—Ald. Geo. Hanthorn entertained the second ward Cribbage Club last evening at his home in that ward.

—Attorney Wilson Lane has caused the arrest of John Booth, a hired man on Mr. Lane's farm, for assault and battery.

—At the regular meeting of the Business Mens Association on Monday evening the Taylor railroad bill will be discussed.

—Miss Aggie Morrissey pleasantly entertained the class of '91, high school, last evening at her home on Glen street second ward.

The members of W. H. Sargent Post No. 20, G. A. R., and their families, will enjoy a social dance at Post hall this evening.

—Post hall will be the scene of a very pleasant social dance this evening. All members of the post and their families being invited.

—Judge Patterson has decided in the "bull-dog" case of Timothy O'Connor vs. David Higgins that plaintiff had no cause of action.

—The Masons will again entertain their families and invited friends by a social dancing party at Masonic hall on Monday evening.

—Mrs. J. B. Carle and Mrs. Harry Keller pleasantly entertained a number of their friends last evening at their home—168 Lun street.

—Martin, the prize shot of the First Regiment, has been giving a few of the Light Infantry boys points on how a Springfield rifle may be handled.

—A blaze among dry goods boxes and waste packing in the rear of Fred H. Fellow's jewelry store, nearly caused the calling of the fire department early this morning.

—The vote on whether Janesville should have a farmers institute in 1890 was unanimous in the affirmative. An enthusiastic vote of thanks was tendered the committee who had the institute just ended in charge.

—Mr. Levi Cadden, Sr., is dangerously ill at his home on North Main street. He has been confined to his bed for some days, and last evening he suffered a severe stroke of apoplexy. Those who are watching over him report that he cannot long survive.

—A provisional company of militia has been organized at Ft. Atkinson and christened the Hoard Rifles, in honor of Governor Hoard. Commencement exercises yesterday to F. E. Drake as captain, E. J. Gibson first lieutenant, and A. B. Merryman, second lieutenant.

—For the Farmers' convention and meeting of the Wisconsin State Agricultural Society to be held at Madison, February 5th to 8th, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. P. Ry., will sell round trip excursion tickets at a fair one way for the round trip, February 4th and 5th, good to return until February 9th.

—Remember you have an excellent supper, a good entertainment and contribute 25 cents toward the Sunday school room for the 1st A. E. church, by attending the English tea party at Cannon's hall Saturday evening. All for a quarter of a dollar, 25 cents. Children 15 cents. Supper served from 5 until 8 o'clock.

—Arrangements have been made by those having the steam whistle in charge to make several experiments within the next few days, probably this afternoon or evening. Arrangements have been completed to test the large whistle with a high pressure of steam, and people are cautioned not to be frightened or to take it for an alarm of fire. The whistle will not be used for fire alarms until due notice is given to that effect.

—A delegation of Janesville Odd Fellows, consisting of District Deputy Grand Master James A. Fathers, S. B. Kenyon, L. M. Nelson, Frank Blanchard, Will Seefeld, L. S. Hillebrandt, R. A. Cadwell and John C. Stanton, went to Lima Center last evening and assisted Grand Master T. K. Dunn in dedicating a new Odd Fellows hall in that village. The visitors report a pleasant time and a cordial greeting on the part of the brotherhood in Lima.

—The Bowser City Hand Laundry will be ready for business on Monday morning. The laundry will be in charge of an experienced man from a leading Chicago establishment, and all work will be cared for in the best possible manner. An especial feature is made of the improved methods and the consequently decreased wear and tear on goods of all kinds. The laundry will have an agency with T. J. Zeigler, and goods will be called for and delivered in any part of the city, free of charge.

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THE POPULATION OF JANESVILLE.

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If you want a dress buy it of Bott, Bailey & Co., where you can get new spring shades to select from.

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The pastor Rev. Joseph White will preach. Subject "Mr. Gladstone's 'Robert Elsmere'."

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FOUR YEARS AT WAUPUN.

A JANESVILLE BREAKMAN PLEADS GUILTY AT BARBDOO.

James McGendly, the former Janesville breakman arrested in Barbadoo with five others for burglary, has been sentenced to four years at Waupun. McGendly went from this city to Beloit, thence to Barbadoo, where he was a sort of leader among the car thieves that frequented the Northwestern yards. His arrest was for being implicated in the Beloit burglary, to which he pleaded guilty.

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THE ANGLEWORM CLUB OBSERVE IT WITH GREAT FEAR AND TREMBLING.

They Make an Active Effort to Keep the Ground Hog in, and Succeed.

A few years ago the Anglemorm Club observed Candlemas Day in official fashion. They went out in a body to look for the ground hog, and met with so many misfortunes that the day has not been regarded with favor since.

But this morning the club met in special session. Their honor was at stake. It was more than likely that when the ground hog came from his hole, he would see enough shadows to start a shadow dance, and newspaper fanny men would have an opportunity to look shocked at winter's lingering in the lap of spring. Now the club's official goose bone had indicated a short winter. On the strength of this many people were already locking up their fur over-coats and bringing out alpaca dusters. It would never do for these confiding ones to be deceived. The ground hog's shadow must be kept outside of Rock county.

But how?

It was decided that the various members should scatter and see to it that every ground-hog burrow be plugged up. It was admitted that for such a sunny day things looked very gloomy. Two hours after the club started, however, one of the members made his way back to the station of the president with a smile on his face.

"Whoop!" he shouted cheerfully, "you don't need to watch any longer. I've got him all cooped up."

The cheerful one paused to fan himself; then he continued:

"I had one end of a burrow out near Woodruff's farm all stopped up, when I heard some one walking through the brush. I waited a minute, and who should come along but Skaylem. He had a Gaz-tie in his hand, and when I saw him tear his hair and butt his head against a tree, it all flashed over me. He had come back from Florida just in time to get stuck on the New Hampshire whisky question. He was muttering:

"If the agent pays the town twenty-five dollars to act as his—no; if the liquor pays the agent \$31.37 to—Oh! that isn't either. Now if the town pays the liquor the agent—hang it all, I'm going home."

"He jammed the paper into the ground and started. And just then I saw something stick up out of the burrow. Boys, it was the woodchuck."

"What was it that fellow was talking about?" the best said. "I guess I'll just try myself."

"He gathered up the paper without waiting to see whether there was a chance for a shadow or not."

"Humph; that's easy enough," he said. "You just add these three first items together and subtract the last three. But ho—ho—no; what's going to become of the profits or losses? You add—no, you subtract—no, I guess you add after all—no you don't. Constatm it, how does this thing go, anyway?"

"When I left, the critter was just in the middle of it. He won't get through before midnight, and if he does he'll be so blind he can't see the shadow of a hay stack."

The president of the club smiled gleefully.

"What ho!" he remarked in a heavy, official voice, "let a jubilee session be appointed to once."

The session will be held in due form. A committee has been appointed, however, to see that the coal dealers of the city do not drag the ground hog from his hole this evening, and bring him down town to show him his shadow by the aid of a lamp post. If the remainder of the winter is as mild as the part which has already past thanks for it should be returned to the members of that admirable club, the Anglemorm.

BEN H. GROVE.

HE IS STEADILY WINNING FAME IN OLD ENGLAND.

The many friends of Mr. Ben. H. Grove will read the following taken from The Bayswater (England) Chronicle, January 12th, with interest, and will also be pleased in learning of his continued success as a singer. Under the heading of "Westbourne-Park—Organ Recital," the Chronicle says:—

On Tuesday evening, at Westbourne-Park institute, Mr. Rowland Bryant, A. R. M., the esteemed organist of Westbourne-Park chapel, had the honor of the choral society attached to the institute, gave a recital on the organ. The programme afforded some very good criteria of the rarer introspective and executive qualities of the performer. The selections ranged from Bach among the elder classics; and from Smart and Hopkins to Bistie, Salome, and Guit-mant, among minor organ poets. The limitations of the instrument for solo purposes, though obvious, were skillfully dealt with, and Mr. Bryant marshalled the manual and pedal forces at his command with equal volition, masterly phrasing, and (for a artist) exceptional fluency and refinement of style. Mr. Grove is one of the few basses who can sing, and not only declaim. His selections were the recitative "Now Heaven in Full Test Glory," from Haydn's Creation, Faure's "Les Rameaux," and best of all, the beautiful "Star of Eve," from Wagner's "Tannhauser," which was encored. Mr. Grove twice declining the call, but eventually repeating the last verse.

An intelligent person when hurt will at once procure a bottle of Salvation Oil. It is the best thing to cure swellings, burns, or wounds. All druggists sell it at twenty-five cents a bottle.

See the artistic "Mottowan" felt shoes and slippers, at R. B. Co's.

OUR CITY HOSPITAL.

COMPLIMENTARY WORDS OF A LADY VISITOR FROM A NEIGHBORING VILLAGE.</